

Laburnum Leaf-miner

Leucoptera laburnella

Identification:

This moth develops in the leaves of Laburnum, creating a narrow corridor which quickly expands to form a broad blotch.

Distribution:

It might be expected anywhere in Highland where Laburnum grows.

When to look for it:

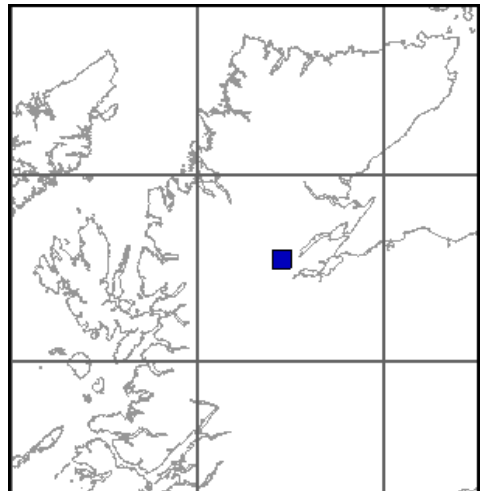
The mines are easily seen in June and July.

Similar Species:

Two flies also mine Laburnum, but they produce corridor mines or a blotch that follows the leaf margin. If in doubt, examine the larva. A moth larva has a distinct head, while fly larvae are headless maggots.



Photos © Murdo Macdonald.



The National Biodiversity Network records are shown on the map (see terms and conditions at <http://data.nbn.org.uk>). Data providers and the NBN Trust bear no responsibility for any further analysis or interpretation of the information in the map.